## FINAL NEET(UG)-2019 EXAMINATION

## GHEMISTRY

1. Under isothermal condition, a gas at 300 K expands from 0.1 L to 0.25 L against a constant external pressure of 2 bar. The work done by the gas is :[Given that 1 L bar $=100 \mathrm{~J}$ ]
(1) -30 J
(2) 5 kJ
(3) 25 J
(4) 30 J

Ans. (1)
2. A compound is formed by cation $C$ and anion $A$. The anions form hexagonal close packed (hcp) lattice and the cations occupy $75 \%$ of octahedral voids. The formula of the compound is :-
(1) $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{~A}_{3}$
(2) $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{~A}_{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{~A}_{4}$
(4) $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{~A}_{3}$

Ans. (3)
3. pH of a saturated solution of $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$ is 9 . The solubility product $\left(\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{sp}}\right)$ of $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$ is :-
(1) $0.5 \times 10^{-15}$
(2) $0.25 \times 10^{-10}$
(3) $0.125 \times 10^{-15}$
(4) $0.5 \times 10^{-10}$

Ans. (1)
4. The number of moles of hydrogen molecules required to produce 20 moles of ammonia through Haber's process is :-
(1) 10
(2) 20
(3) 30
(4) 40

Ans. (3)
5. For an ideal solution, the correct option is :-
(1) $\Delta_{\text {mix }} S=0$ at constant $T$ and $P$
(2) $\Delta_{\text {mix }} V \neq 0$ at constant $T$ and $P$
(3) $\Delta_{\text {mix }} \mathrm{H}=0$ at constant T and P
(4) $\Delta_{\text {mix }} G=0$ at constant $T$ and $P$

Ans. (3)
6. For a cell involving one electron $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{cell}}^{\Theta}=0.59 \mathrm{~V}$ at 298 K , the equilibrium constant for the cell reaction is :-
$\left[\right.$ Given that $\frac{2.303 \mathrm{RT}}{\mathrm{F}}=0.059 \mathrm{~V}$ at $\left.\mathrm{T}=298 \mathrm{~K}\right]$
(1) $1.0 \times 10^{2}$
(2) $1.0 \times 10^{5}$
(3) $1.0 \times 10^{10}$
(4) $1.0 \times 10^{30}$

## Ans. (3)

7. Among the following, the one that is not a green house gas is :-
(1) nitrous oxide
(2) methane
(3) ozone
(4) sulphur dioxide

Ans. (4)
8. The number of sigma ( $\sigma$ ) and pi $(\pi)$ bonds in pent-2-en-4-yne is :-
(1) $10 \sigma$ bonds and $3 \pi$ bonds
(2) $8 \sigma$ bonds and $5 \pi$ bonds
(3) $11 \sigma$ bonds and $2 \pi$ bonds
(4) $13 \sigma$ bonds and no $\pi$ bond

Ans. (1)
9. Which of the following diatomic molecular species has only $\pi$ bonds according to Molecular Orbital Theory?
(1) $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{N}_{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{C}_{2}$
(4) $\mathrm{Be}_{2}$

Ans. (3)
10. Which of the following reactions are disproportionation reaction?
(a) $2 \mathrm{Cu}^{+} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cu}^{2+}+\mathrm{Cu}^{0}$
(b) $3 \mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{2-}+4 \mathrm{H}^{+} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}+\mathrm{MnO}_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(c) $2 \mathrm{KMnO}_{4} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \mathrm{~K}_{2} \mathrm{MnO}_{4}+\mathrm{MnO}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2}$
(d) $2 \mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}+3 \mathrm{Mn}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 5 \mathrm{MnO}_{2}+4 \mathrm{H}^{\oplus}$

Select the correct option from the following :-
(1) (a) and (b) only
(2) (a), (b) and (c)
(3) (a), (c) and (d)
(4) (a) and (d) only

Ans. (1)
11. Among the following, the narrow spectrum antibiotic is :
(1) penicillin G
(2) ampicillin
(3) amoxycillin
(4) chloramphenicol

Ans. (1)
12. The correct order of the basic strength of methyl substituted amines in aqueous solution is
(1) $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{NH}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2}>\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{~N}$
(2) $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{~N}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2}>\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{NH}$
(3) $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{~N}>\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{NH}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
(4) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2}>\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{NH}>\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{~N}$

Ans. (1)
13. Which mixture of the solutions will lead to the formation of negatively charged colloidal [AgI] $I^{-}$sol. ?
(1) 50 mL of $1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{AgNO}_{3}+50 \mathrm{~mL}$ of 1.5 M KI
(2) 50 mL of $1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{AgNO}_{3}+50 \mathrm{~mL}$ of 2 M KI
(3) 50 mL of $2 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{AgNO}_{3}+50 \mathrm{~mL}$ of 1.5 M KI
(4) 50 mL of $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{AgNO}_{3}+50 \mathrm{~mL}$ of 0.1 M KI

Ans. (1,2)
14. Conjugate base for Bronsted acids $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and HF are:-
(1) $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~F}^{+}$respectively
(2) $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}$and $\mathrm{F}^{-}$, respectively
(3) $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$and $\mathrm{F}^{-}$, respectively
(4) $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}$and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~F}^{+}$, respectively

Ans. (3)
15. Which will make basic buffer ?
(1) 50 mL of $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{NaOH}+25 \mathrm{~mL}$ of 0.1 M $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$
(2) 100 mL of $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}+100 \mathrm{~mL}$ of 0.1 M NaOH
(3) 100 mL of $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{HCl}+200 \mathrm{~mL}$ of 0.1 M $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}$
(4) 100 mL of $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{HCl}+100 \mathrm{~mL}$ of 0.1 M NaOH

Ans. (3)
16. The compound that is most difficult to protonate is:-
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (4)
17. The most suitable reagent for the following conversion is :-

cis-2-butene
(1) Na /liquid $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
(2) $\mathrm{H}_{2}, \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}$, quinoline (3) $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{HCl}$
(4) $\mathrm{Hg}^{2+} / \mathrm{H}^{+}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

Ans. (2)
18. Which of the following species is not stable?
(1) $\left[\mathrm{SiF}_{6}\right]^{2-}$
(2) $\left[\mathrm{GeCl}_{6}\right]^{2-}$
(3) $\left[\mathrm{Sn}(\mathrm{OH})_{6}\right]^{2-}$
(4) $\left[\mathrm{SiCl}_{6}\right]^{2-}$

## Ans. (4)

19. Which of the following is an amphoteric hydroxide?
(1) $\mathrm{Sr}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$
(4) $\mathrm{Be}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$

## Ans. (4)

20. The structure of intermediate $A$ in the following reaction is :-

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (2)
21. The manganate and permanganate ions are tetrahedral, due to
(1) The $\pi$-bonding involves overlap of $p$-orbitals of oxygen with $d$-orbitals of manganese
(2) There is no $\pi$-bonding
(3) The $\pi$-bonding involves overlap of $p$-orbitals of oxygen with p -orbitals of managanese
(4) The $\pi$-bonding involves overlap of $d$-orbitals of oxygen with d -orbitals of manganese
Ans. (1)
22. For the second period elements the correct increasing order of first ionisation enthalpy is :-
(1) $\mathrm{Li}<\mathrm{Be}<\mathrm{B}<\mathrm{C}<\mathrm{N}<\mathrm{O}<\mathrm{F}<\mathrm{Ne}$
(2) $\mathrm{Li}<\mathrm{B}<\mathrm{Be}<\mathrm{C}<\mathrm{O}<\mathrm{N}<\mathrm{F}<\mathrm{Ne}$
(3) $\mathrm{Li}<\mathrm{B}<\mathrm{Be}<\mathrm{C}<\mathrm{N}<\mathrm{O}<\mathrm{F}<\mathrm{Ne}$
(4) $\mathrm{Li}<\mathrm{Be}<\mathrm{B}<\mathrm{C}<\mathrm{O}<\mathrm{N}<\mathrm{F}<\mathrm{Ne}$

Ans. (2)
23. If the rate constant for a first order reaction is $k$, the time ( t ) required for the completion of $99 \%$ of the reaction is given by :-
(1) $\mathrm{t}=0.693 / \mathrm{k}$
(2) $t=6.909 / k$
(3) $t=4.606 / \mathrm{k}$
(4) $\mathrm{t}=2.303 / \mathrm{k}$

Ans. (3)
24. Identify the incorrect statement related to $\mathrm{PCl}_{5}$ from the following :-
(1) Three equatorial $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Cl}$ bonds make an angle of $120^{\circ}$ with each other
(2) Two axial $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Cl}$ bonds make an angle of $180^{\circ}$ with each other
(3) Axial $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Cl}$ bonds are longer than equatorial $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Cl}$ bonds
(4) $\mathrm{PCl}_{5}$ molecule is non-reactive

Ans. (4)
25. $4 \mathrm{~d}, 5 \mathrm{p}, 5 \mathrm{f}$ and 6 p orbitals are arranged in the order of decreasing energy. The correct option is :-
(1) $5 f>6 p>5 p>4 d$
(2) $6 p>5 f>5 p>4 d$
(3) $6 p>5 f>4 d>5 p$
(4) $5 f>6 p>4 d>5 p$

Ans. (1)
26. The biodegradable polymer is :
(1) nylon-6,6
(2) nylon 2-nylon 6
(3) nylon-6
(4) Buna-S

Ans. (2)
27. Match the Xenon compounds in Column-I with its structure in Column-II and assign the correct code:-

## Column-I

(a) $\mathrm{XeF}_{4}$
(b) $\mathrm{XeF}_{6}$
(c) $\mathrm{XeOF}_{4}$ (iii)
(d) $\mathrm{XeO}_{3}$ (iv)

Code:

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (3) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |

Ans. (2)
28. Which is the correct thermal stability order for $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{E}$ ( $\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{Se}, \mathrm{Te}$ and Po )?
(1) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Se}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Te}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Po}$
(2) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Se}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Te}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Po}$
(3) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Po}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Te}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Se}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(4) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Se}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Te}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Po}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$

Ans. (3)
29. The correct structure of tribromooctaoxide is :-
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


## Ans. (1)

30. An alkene "A" on reaction with $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{Zn}-\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ gives propanone and ethanal in equimolar ratio. Addition of HCl to alkene " A " gives " B " as the major product. The structure of product " B " is :-
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (3)
31. Enzymes that utilize ATP in phosphate transfer require an alkaline earth metal $(\mathrm{M})$ as the cofactor. M is :
(1) Be
(2) Mg
(3) Ca
(4) Sr

Ans. (2)
32. Which one is malachite from the following ?
(1) $\mathrm{CuFeS}_{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{Fe}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
(4) $\mathrm{CuCO}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$

Ans. (4)
33. Which of the following series of transitions in the spectrum of hydrogen atom falls in visible region?
(1) Lyman series
(2) Balmer series
(3) Paschen series
(4) Brackett series

Ans. (2)
34. The mixture that forms maximum boiling azeotrope is :
(1) Water + Nitric acid
(2) Ethanol + Water
(3) Acetone + Carbon disulphide
(4) Heptane + Octane

Ans. (1)
35. For the cell reaction
$2 \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{I}^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{I}_{2}(\mathrm{aq})$
$\mathrm{E}_{\text {cell }}^{\ominus}=0.24 \mathrm{~V}$ at 298 K . The standard Gibbs energy
$\left(\Delta_{\mathrm{r}}^{\circ} \mathrm{G}^{\ominus}\right)$ of the cell reaction is :
[Given that Faraday constant $\mathrm{F}=96500 \mathrm{C} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ ]
(1) $-46.32 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
(2) $-23.16 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
(3) $46.32 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
(4) $23.16 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$

Ans. (1)
36. In which case change in entropy is negative?
(1) Evaporation of water
(2) Expansion of a gas at constant temperature
(3) Sublimation of solid to gas
(4) $2 \mathrm{H}(\mathrm{g}) \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$

Ans. (4)
37. Match the following :
(a) Pure nitrogen
(i) Chlorine
(b) Haber process
(ii) Sulphuric acid
(c) Contact process
(iii) Ammonia
(d) Deacon's process
(iv) Sodium azide or Barium azide
Which of the following is the correct option?

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |

Ans. (4)
42. The major product of the following reaction is :

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (2)
43. For the chemical reaction
$\mathrm{N}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+3 \mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightleftharpoons 2 \mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{~g})$
the correct option is :
(1) $-\frac{1}{3} \frac{\mathrm{~d}\left[\mathrm{H}_{2}\right]}{\mathrm{dt}}=-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\mathrm{~d}\left[\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right]}{\mathrm{dt}}$
(2) $-\frac{\mathrm{d}\left[\mathrm{N}_{2}\right]}{\mathrm{dt}}=2 \frac{\mathrm{~d}\left[\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right]}{\mathrm{dt}}$
(3) $-\frac{\mathrm{d}\left[\mathrm{N}_{2}\right]}{\mathrm{dt}}=\frac{1}{2} \frac{\mathrm{~d}\left[\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right]}{\mathrm{dt}}$
(4) $3 \frac{\mathrm{~d}\left[\mathrm{H}_{2}\right]}{\mathrm{dt}}=2 \frac{\mathrm{~d}\left[\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right]}{\mathrm{dt}}$

Ans. (3)
44. What is the correct electronic configuration of the central atom in $\mathrm{K}_{4}\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}\right]$ based on crystal field theory?
(1) $t_{2 g}^{4} e_{g}^{2}$
(2) $t_{2 g}^{6} e_{s}^{0}$
(3) $e^{3} t_{2}^{3}$
(4) $e^{4} t_{2}^{2}$

Ans. (2)
45. The method used to remove temporary hardness of water is :
(1) Calgon's method
(2) Clark's method
(3) Ion-exchange method
(4) Synthetic resins method

Ans. (2)

## PHYSICS

46. In which of the following processes, heat is neither absorbed nor released by a system ?
(1) isothermal
(2) adiabatic
(3) isobaric
(4) isochoric

Ans. (2)
47. Increase in temperature of a gas filled in a container would lead to :
(1) increase in its mass
(2) increase in its kinetic energy
(3) decrease in its pressure
(4) decrease in intermolecular distance

Ans. (2)
48. The total energy of an electron in an atom in an orbit is -3.4 eV . Its kinetic and potential energies are, respectively :
(1) $-3.4 \mathrm{eV},-3.4 \mathrm{eV}$
(2) $-3.4 \mathrm{eV},-6.8 \mathrm{eV}$
(3) $3.4 \mathrm{eV},-6.8 \mathrm{eV}$
(4) $3.4 \mathrm{eV}, 3.4 \mathrm{eV}$

Ans. (3)
49.


The correct Boolean operation represented by the circuit diagram drawn is :
(1) AND
(2) OR
(3) NAND
(4) NOR

Ans. (3)
50. A block of mass 10 kg is in contact against the inner wall of a hollow cylindrical drum of radius 1 m . The coefficient of friction between the block and the inner wall of the cylinder is 0.1 . The minimum angular velocity needed for the cylinder to keep the block stationary when the cylinder is vertical and rotating about its axis, will be : $\left(g=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right)$
(1) $\sqrt{10} \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$
(2) $\frac{10}{2 \pi} \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$
(3) $10 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$
(4) $10 \pi \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$

Ans. (3)

## IEST PAPER WIIH ANSWER

51. Body A of mass 4 m moving with speed $u$ collides with another body B of mass 2 m , at rest. The collision is head on and elastic in nature. After the collision the fraction of energy lost by the colliding body A is :
(1) $\frac{1}{9}$
(2) $\frac{8}{9}$
(3) $\frac{4}{9}$
(4) $\frac{5}{9}$

Ans. (2)
52. The speed of a swimmer in still water is $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. The speed of river water is $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ and is flowing due east. If he is standing on the south bank and wishes to cross the river along the shortest path, the angle at which he should make his strokes w.r.t. north is given by :
(1) $30^{\circ}$ west
(2) $0^{\circ}$
(3) $60^{\circ}$ west
(4) $45^{\circ}$ west

Ans. (1)
53. A mass $m$ is attached to a thin wire and whirled in a vertical circle. The wire is most likely to break when :
(1) the mass is at the highest point
(2) the wire is horizontal
(3) the mass is at the lowest point
(4) inclined at an angle of $60^{\circ}$ from vertical

Ans. (3)
54. The displacement of a particle executing simple harmonic motion is given by
$y=A_{0}+A \sin \omega t+B \cos \omega t$.
Then the amplitude of its oscillation is given by :
(1) $A_{0}+\sqrt{A^{2}+B^{2}}$
(2) $\sqrt{\mathrm{A}^{2}+\mathrm{B}^{2}}$
(3) $\sqrt{\mathrm{A}_{0}^{2}+(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B})^{2}}$
(4) $A+B$

Ans. (2)
55. A 800 turn coil of effective area $0.05 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ is kept perpendicular to a magnetic field $5 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~T}$. When the plane of the coil is rotated by $90^{\circ}$ around any of its coplanar axis in 0.1 s , the emf induced in the coil will be :
(1) 2 V
(2) 0.2 V
(3) $2 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~V}$
(4) 0.02 V

## Ans. (4)

56. Average velocity of a particle executing SHM in one complete vibration is :
(1) $\frac{\mathrm{A} \omega}{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{A} \omega$
(3) $\frac{\mathrm{A} \omega^{2}}{2}$
(4) Zero

Ans. (4)
57. A soap bubble, having radius of 1 mm , is blown from a detergent solution having a surface tension of $2.5 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$. The pressure inside the bubble equals at a point $Z_{0}$ below the free surface of water in a container. Taking $g=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ density of water $=10^{3} \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, the value of $\mathrm{Z}_{0}$ is :-
(1) 100 cm
(2) 10 cm
(3) 1 cm
(4) 0.5 cm

Ans. (3)
58. A copper rod of 88 cm and an aluminum rod of unknown length have their increase in length independent of increase in temperature. The length of aluminum rod is : $\left(\alpha_{\mathrm{Cu}}=1.7 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~K}^{-1}\right.$ and $\alpha_{\mathrm{Al}}=2.2 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~K}^{-1}$ )
(1) 6.8 cm
(2) 113.9 cm
(3) 88 cm
(4) 68 cm

Ans. (4)
59. The unit of thermal conductivity is :
(1) $\mathrm{J} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{K}^{-1}$
(2) $\mathrm{J} \mathrm{m}^{-1} \mathrm{~K}^{-1}$
(3) $\mathrm{W} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{K}^{-1}$
(4) $\mathrm{W} \mathrm{m}^{-1} \mathrm{~K}^{-1}$

## Ans. (4)

60. When a block of mass $M$ is suspended by a long wire of length $L$, the length of the wire become $(L+l)$. The elastic potential energy stored in the extended wire is :-
(1) $\mathrm{Mg} l$
(2) MgL
(3) $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{Mgl}$
(4) $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{MgL}$

Ans. (3)
61. A disc of radius 2 m and mass 100 kg rolls on a horizontal floor. Its centre of mass has speed of $20 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$. How much work is needed to stop it?
(1) 3 J
(2) 30 kJ
(3) 2 J
(4) 1 J

Ans. (1)
62. In an experiment, the percentage of error occurred in the measurment of physical quantities $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ and D are $1 \%, 2 \%, 3 \%$ and $4 \%$ respectively. Then the maximum percentage of error in the measurement $X$, where $X=\frac{A^{2} B^{1 / 2}}{C^{1 / 3} D^{3}}$, will be :
(1) $\left(\frac{3}{13}\right) \%$
(2) $16 \%$
(3) $-10 \%$
(4) $10 \%$

Ans. (2)
63. A body weighs 200 N on the surface of the earth. How much will it weigh half way down to the centre of the earth?
(1) 150 N
(2) 200 N
(3) 250 N
(4) 100 N

Ans. (4)
64. Which colour of the light has the longest wavelength?
(1) red
(2) blue
(3) green
(4) violet

Ans. (1)
65. A solid cylinder of mass 2 kg and radius 4 cm is rotating about its axis at the rate of 3 rpm . The torque required to stop after $2 \pi$ revolutions is :
(1) $2 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~N} \mathrm{~m}$
(2) $2 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~N} \mathrm{~m}$
(3) $12 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~N} \mathrm{~m}$
(4) $2 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{~N} \mathrm{~m}$

Ans. (1)
66. The radius of circle the period of revolution initial position and sense of revolution are indicated in the fig.

$y$-projection of the radius vector of rotating particle P is :
(1) $y(t)=-3 \cos 2 \pi t$, where $y$ in $m$
(2) $y(t)=4 \sin \left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right)$, where $y$ in $m$
(3) $y(t)=3 \cos \left(\frac{3 \pi t}{2}\right)$, where $y$ in $m$
(4) $y(t)=3 \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right)$, where $y$ in $m$

Ans. (4)
67. A hollow metal sphere of radius R is uniformly charged. The electric field due to the sphere at a distance $r$ from the centre :
(1) increases as $r$ increases for $r<R$ and for $r>R$
(2) zero as $r$ increases for $r<R$, decreases as $r$ increases for $r>R$
(3) zero as $r$ increases for $r<R$, increases as $r$ increases for $r>R$
(4) decreases as $r$ increases for $r<R$ and for $r>R$

Ans. (2)
68. In which of the following devices, the eddy current effect is not used?
(1) induction furnace
(2) magnetic braking in train
(3) electromagnet
(4) electric heater

Ans. (4)
69. Six similar bulbs are connected as shown in the figure with a DC source of emf E, and zero internal resistance.
The ratio of power consumption by the bulbs when (i) all are glowing and (ii) in the situation when two from section $A$ and one from section $B$ are glowing, will be

(1) $4: 9$
(2) $9: 4$
(3) $1: 2$
(4) $2: 1$

Ans. (2)
70. At a point $A$ on the earth's surface the angle of dip, $\delta=+25^{\circ}$. At a point B on the earth's surface the angle of $\operatorname{dip}, \delta=-25^{\circ}$. We can interpret that
(1) $A$ and $B$ are both located in the northern hemisphere.
(2) $A$ is located in the southern hemisphere and $B$ is located in the northern hemisphere.
(3) $A$ is located in the northern hemisphere and $B$ is located in the southern hemisphere.
(4) A and B are both located in the southern hemisphere
Ans. (3)
71. A force $F=20+10 y$ acts on a particle in $y$-direction where $F$ is in newton and $y$ in meter. Work done by this force to move the particle from $y=0$ to $y=1 \mathrm{~m}$ is :
(1) 30 J
(2) 5 J
(3) 25 J
(4) 20 J

Ans. (3)
72. Pick the wrong answer in the context with rainbow.
(1) When the light rays undergo two internal reflections in a water drop, a secondary rainbow is formed.
(2) The order of colours is reversed in the secondary rainbow.
(3) An observer can see a rainbow when his front is towards the sun.
(4) Rainbow is a combined effect of dispersion refraction and reflection sunlight.
Ans. (3)
73. A cylindrical conductor of radius $R$ is carrying a constant current. The plot of the magnitude of the magnetic field, B with the distance d , from the centre of the conductor, is correctly represented by the figure :
(1)


(4)


Ans. (3)
74. Two particles $A$ and $B$ are moving in uniform circular motion in concentric circles of radius $r_{A}$ and $r_{B}$ with speed $v_{A}$ and $v_{B}$ respectively. The time period of rotation is the same. The ratio of angular speed of A to that of B will be :
(1) $r_{A}: r_{B}$
(2) $v_{A}: v_{B}$
(3) $r_{B}: r_{A}$
(4) $1: 1$

Ans. (4)
75. Two similar thin equi-convex lenses, of focal length f each, are kept coaxially in contact with each other such that the focal length of the combination is $\mathrm{F}_{1}$. When the space between the two lenses is filled with glycerin (which has the same refractive index $(\mu=1.5)$ as that of glass) then the equivalent focal length is $\mathrm{F}_{2}$. The ratio $\mathrm{F}_{1}: \mathrm{F}_{2}$ will be :
(1) $2: 1$
(2) $1: 2$
(3) $2: 3$
(4) $3: 4$

Ans. (2)
76. In total internal reflection when the angle of incidence is equal to the critical angle for the pair of media in contact, what will be angle of refraction?
(1) $180^{\circ}$
(2) $0^{\circ}$
(3) equal to angle of incidence
(4) $90^{\circ}$

Ans. (4)
77. Two parallel infinite line charges with linear charge densities $+\lambda C / m$ and $-\lambda C / m$ are placed at a distance of 2 R in free space. What is the electric field mid-way between the two line charges?
(1) zero
(2) $\frac{2 \lambda}{\pi \in_{0} R} N / C$
(3) $\frac{\lambda}{\pi \epsilon_{0} R} N / C$
(4) $\frac{\lambda}{2 \pi \epsilon_{0} R} N / C$

Ans. (3)
78. For a p-type semiconductor which of the following statements is true?
(1) Electrons are the majority carriers and trivalent atoms are the dopants.
(2) Holes are the majority carriers and trivalent atoms are the dopants.
(3) Holes are the majority carriers and pentavalent atoms are the dopants.
(4) Electrons are the majority carriers and pentavalent atoms are the dopants.
79. Which of the following acts as a circuit protection device?
(1) conductor
(2) inductor
(3) switch
(4) fuse

Ans. (4)
80. A parallel plate capacitor of capacitance $20 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ is being charged by a voltage source whose potential is changing at the rate of $3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{s}$. The conduction current through the connecting wires, and the displacement current through the plates of the capacitor, would be, respectively :
(1) zero, $60 \mu \mathrm{~A}$
(2) $60 \mu \mathrm{~A}, 60 \mu \mathrm{~A}$
(3) $60 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, zero
(4) zero, zero

Ans. (2)
81. In the circuits shown below, the readings of the voltmeters and the ammeters will be :

(1) $V_{2}>V_{1}$ and $i_{1}=i_{2}$
(2) $V_{1}=V_{2}$ and $i_{1}>i_{2}$
(3) $V_{1}=V_{2}$ and $i_{1}=i_{2}$
(4) $V_{2}>V_{1}$ and $i_{1}>i_{2}$

Ans. (3)
82. $\alpha$-particle consists of :
(1) 2 protons and 2 neutrons only
(2) 2 electrons, 2 protons and 2 neutrons
(3) 2 electrons and 4 protons only
(4) 2 protons only

Ans. (1)
83. An electron is accelerated through a potential difference of $10,000 \mathrm{~V}$. Its de Broglie wavelength
is, (nearly) : $\left(\mathrm{m}_{e}=9 \times 10^{-31} \mathrm{~kg}\right)$
(1) $12.2 \times 10^{-13} \mathrm{~m}$
(2) $12.2 \times 10^{-12} \mathrm{~m}$
(3) $12.2 \times 10^{-14} \mathrm{~m}$
(4) 12.2 nm

## Ans. (2)

Ans. (2)
84. When an object is shot from the bottom of a long smooth inclined plane kept at an angle $60^{\circ}$ with horizontal, it can travel a distance $\mathrm{x}_{1}$ along the plane. But when the inclination is decreased to $30^{\circ}$ and the same object the shot with the same velocity, it can travel $\mathrm{x}_{2}$ distance. Then $\mathrm{x}_{1}: \mathrm{x}_{2}$ will be
(1) $1: \sqrt{2}$
(2) $\sqrt{2}: 1$
(3) $1: \sqrt{3}$
(4) $1: 2 \sqrt{3}$

Ans. (3)
85. A small hole of area of cross-section $2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ is present near the bottom of a fully filled open tank of height 2 m . Taking $\mathrm{g}=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, the rate of flow of water through the open hole would be nearly :
(1) $12.6 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$
(2) $8.9 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$
(3) $2.23 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$
(4) $6.4 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$

Ans. (1)
86. Two point charges $A$ and $B$, having charges $+Q$ and -Q respectively, are placed at certain distance apart and force acting between them is $F$. If $25 \%$ charge of $A$ is transferred to $B$, then force between the charges becomes :
(1) F
(2) $\frac{9 F}{16}$
(3) $\frac{16 \mathrm{~F}}{9}$
(4) $\frac{4 F}{3}$

Ans. (2)
87. Ionized hydrogen atoms and $\alpha$-particles with same momenta enters perpendicular to a constant magnetic field $B$. The ratio of their radii of their paths $r_{H}: r_{\alpha}$ will be
(1) $2: 1$
(2) $1: 2$
(3) $4: 1$
(4) $1: 4$

## Ans. (1)

88. A particle moving with velocity $\vec{V}$ is acted by three forces shown by the vector triangle PQR. The velocity of the particle will :


Ans. (3)
89. The work done to raise a mass $m$ from the surface of the earth to a height $h$, which is equal to the radius of the earth, is :
(1) mgR
(2) 2 mgR
(3) $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{mgR}$
(4) $\frac{3}{2} \mathrm{mgR}$

Ans. (3)
90. In a double slit experiment, when light of wavelength 400 nm was used, the angular width of the first minima formed on a screen placed 1 m away, was found to be $0.2^{\circ}$. What will be the angular width of the first minima, if the entire experimental apparatus is immersed in water ( $\mu_{\text {water }}=4 / 3$ )
(1) $0.266^{\circ}$
(2) $0.15^{\circ}$
(3) $0.05^{\circ}$
(4) $0.1^{\circ}$

Ans. (2)

## BIOLOGY

91. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
(1) Viroids lack a protein coat
(2) Viruses are obligate parasites
(3) Infective constituent in viruses is the protein coat
(4) Prions consist of abnormally folded proteins

Ans. (3)
92. Purines found both in DNA and RNA are :-
(1) Adenine and thymine
(2) Adenine and guanine
(3) Guanine and cytosine
(4) Cytosine and thymine

Ans. (2)
93. Which of the following glucose transporters is insulindependent?
(1) GLUT I
(2) GLUT II
(3) GLUT III
(4) GLUT IV

Ans. (4)
94. Identify the cells whose secretion protects the lining of gastro-intestinal tract from various enzymes :-
(1) Chief Cells
(2) Goblet Cells
(3) Oxyntic Cells
(4) Duodenal Cells

## Ans. (2)

95. Which one of the following equipments is essentially required for growing microbes on a large scale, for industrial production of enzymes?
(1) BOD incubator
(2) Sludge digester
(3) Industrial oven
(4) Bioreactor

Ans. (4)
96. Which of the following in true for Golden rice?
(1) It is Vitamin A enriched, with a gene from daffodil
(2) It is pest resistant, with a gene from Bacillus thuringiensis
(3) It is drought tolerant, developed using Agrobacterium vector
(4) It has yellow grains, because of a gene introduced from a primitive variety of rice

## TEST PAPER WIIH ANSWER

97. Which one of the following is not a method of in situ conservation of biodiversity?
(1) Biosphere Reserve
(2) Wildlife Sanctuary
(3) Botanical Garden
(4) Sacred Grove

Ans. (3)
98. Under which of the following conditions will there be no change in the reading frame of following mRNA?

## 5'AACAGCGGUGCUAUU3'

(1) Insertion of $G$ at $5^{\text {th }}$ position
(2) Deletion of $G$ from $5^{\text {th }}$ position
(3) Insertion of $A$ at $G$ at $4^{\text {th }}$ and $5^{\text {th }}$ positions respectively
(4) Deletion of GGU from $7^{\text {th }}, 8^{\text {th }}$ and $9^{\text {th }}$ positions

Ans. (4)
99. Which of these following methods is the most suitable for disposal of nuclear waste?
(1) Shoot the waste into space
(2) Bury the waste under Antarctic ice-cover
(3) Dump the waste within rocks under deep ocean
(4) Burry the waste within rocks deep below the Earth's surface
Ans. (4)
100. Match the following organisms with the products they produce :-
(a) Lactobacillus
(i) Cheese
(b) Saccharomyces
(ii) Curd cerevisiae
(c) Aspergillus niger
(iii) Citric Acid
(d) Acetobacter aceti
(iv) Bread
(v) Acetic Acid
Select the correct option.

| $\quad$ (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (1) ii | iv | v | iii |
| $(2)$ ii | iv | iii | v |
| $(3)$ iii | iv | v | i |
| $(4)$ ii | i | iii | v |

Ans. (2)
101. What map unit (Centimorgan) is adopted in the construction of genetic maps?
(1) A unit of distance between two expressed genes, representing $10 \%$ cross over
(2) A unit of distance between two expressed genes, representing $100 \%$ cross over
(3) A unit of distance between genes on chromosomes, representing $1 \%$ cross over
(4) A unit of distance between genes on chromosomes, representing $50 \%$ cross over
Ans. (3)
102. Select the hormone-releasing Intra-Uterine Devices?
(1) Vaults, LNG-20
(2) Multiload 375, Progestasert
(3) Progestasert, LNG-20
(4) Lippes Loop, Multiload 375

Ans. (3)
103. Which of the following can be used as a biocontrol agent in the treatment of plant disease?
(1) Trichoderma
(2) Chlorella
(3) Anabaena
(4) Lactobacillus

Ans. (1)
104. Expressed Sequence Tages (ESTs) refers to :-
(1) Genes expressed as RNA
(2) Polypeptide expression
(3) DNA polymorphism
(4) Novel DNA sequences

Ans. (1)
105. Colostrum, the yellowish fluid, secreted by mother during the initial days of lactation is very essential to impart immunity to the newborn infants because it contains :-
(1) Natural killer cells
(2) Monocytes
(3) Macrophages
(4) Immunoglobulin A

Ans. (4)
106. Select the incorrect statement :-
(1) Inbreeding increases homozygosity
(2) Inbreeding is essential to evolve purelines in any animal
(3) Inbreeding selects harmful recessive genes that reduce fertility and productivity
(4) Inbreeding helps in accumulation of superior genes elimination of undesirable genes
Ans. (3)
107. Select the correct sequence of transport of sperm cells in male reproductive system :-
(1) Testis $\rightarrow$ Epididymis $\rightarrow$ Vasa efferentia $\rightarrow$ Rete testis $\rightarrow$ Inguinal canal $\rightarrow$ Urethra
(2) Seminiferous tubules $\rightarrow$ Rete testis $\rightarrow$ Vasa efferentia $\rightarrow$ Epididymis $\rightarrow$ Vas deferens $\rightarrow$ Ejaculatory duct $\rightarrow$ Urethra $\rightarrow$ Urethral meatus
(3) Seminiferous tubules $\rightarrow$ Vasa efferentia $\rightarrow$ Epididymis $\rightarrow$ Inguinal canal $\rightarrow$ Urethra
(4) Testis $\rightarrow$ Epididymis $\rightarrow$ Vasa efferentia $\rightarrow$ Vas deferens $\rightarrow$ Ejaculatory duct $\rightarrow$ Inguinal canal $\rightarrow$ Urethra $\rightarrow$ Urethral meatus
Ans. (2)
108. A gene locus has two alleles $A$, a. If the frequency of dominant allele A is 0.4 then what will be the frequency of homozygous dominant, heterozygous and homozygous recessive individuals in the population?
(1) 0.36 (AA); $0.48(\mathrm{Aa}) ; 0.16$ (aa)
(2) 0.16 (AA); 0.24 (Aa); 0.36 (aa)
(3) 0.16 (AA); 0.48 (Aa); 0.36 (aa)
(4) 0.16 (AA); 0.36 (Aa); 0.48 (aa)

Ans. (3)
109. Match the following organisms with their respective characteristics :-
(a) Pila
(i) Flame cells
(b) Bombyx
(ii) Comb plates
(c) Pleurobrachia
(iii) Radula
(d) Taenia
(iv) Malpighian tubules

Select the correct option from the following

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (1) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
| (4) | (iiii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |

Ans. (2)
110. The shorter and longer arms of a submetacentric chromosome are referred to as
(1) s -arm and l-arm respectively
(2) $p$-arm and $q$-arm respectively
(3) $q$-arm and $p$-arm respectively
(4) m-arm and $n$-arm respectively

Ans. (2)
111. What is the site of perception of photoperiod necessary for induction of flowering in plants :-
(1) Lateral buds
(2) Pulvinus
(3) Shoot apex
(4) Leaves

Ans. (4)
112. Which part of the brain is responsible for thermoregulation?
(1) Cerebrum
(2) Hypothalamus
(3) Corpus callosum
(4) Medulla oblongata

Ans. (2)
113. Which of the following pair of organelles does not contain DNA :-
(1) Mitochondria and Lysosomes
(2) Chloroplast and Vacuoles
(3) Lysosomes and Vacuoles
(4) Nuclear envelope and Mitochondria

Ans. (3)
114. What is the genetic disorder in which an individual has an overall masculine development, gynaecomastia, and is sterile ?
(1) Turner's syndrome
(2) Klinefelter's syndrome
(3) Edward syndrome
(4) Down's syndrome

## Ans. (2)

115. Xylem translocates :-
(1) Water only
(2) Water and mineral salts only
(3) Water, mineral salts and some organic nitrogen only
(4) Water, mineral salts, some organic nitrogen and hormones
Ans. (4)
116. Which of the following pairs of gases is mainly responsible for green house effect?
(1) Ozone and Ammonia
(2) Oxygen and Nitrogen
(3) Nitrogen and Sulphur dioxide
(4) Carbon dioxide and Methane

## Ans. (4)

117. Which of the following protocols did aim for reducing emission of chloroflurocarbons into the atmosphere?
(1) Montreal protocol
(2) Kyoto protocol
(3) Gothenburg Protocol
(4) Geneva Protocol

Ans. (1)
118. Is some plants, the female gamete develops into embryo without fertilization. This phenomenon is known as :
(1) Autogamy
(2) Parthenocarpy
(3) Syngamy
(4) Parthenogenesis
119. Which of the following sexually transmitted diseases is not completely curable ?
(1) Gonorrhoea
(2) Genital warts
(3) Genital herpes
(4) Chlamydiasis

Ans. (3)
120. Which of the following immune responses is responsible for rejection of kidney graft?
(1) Auto- immune respones
(2) Humoral immune response
(3) Inflammatory immune response
(4) Cell-mediated immune response

Ans. (4)
121. Which of the following factors is responsible for the formation of concentrated urine?
(1) Low levels of antidiuretic hormone.
(2) Maintaining hyperosmolarity towards inner medullary interstitium in the kidneys.
(3) Secretion of erythropoietin by juxtaglomerular complex.
(4) Hydrostatic pressure during glomerular filtration.

Ans. (2)
122. Which of the following features of genetic code does allow bacteria to produce human insulin by recombinant DNA technology?
(1) Genetic code is not ambiguous
(2) Genetic code is redundant
(3) Genetic code is nearly universal
(4) Genetic code is specific

## Ans. (3)

123. Which of the following statements is not correct?
(1) Lysosomes have numerous hydrolytic enzymes.
(2) The hydrolytic enzymes of lysosomes are active under acidic pH .
(3) Lysosomes are membrane bound structures.
(4) Lysosomes are formed by the process of packaging in the endoplasmic reticulum.
Ans. (4)
124. The concept of "Omnis cellula-e cellula" regarding cell division was first proposed by:
(1) Rudolf Virchow
(2) Theodore Schwann
(3) Schleiden
(4) Aristotle

Ans. (1)
125. Use of an artificial kidney during hemodialysis may result in :
(a) Nitrogenous waste build-up in the body
(b) Non-elimination of excess potassium ions
(c) Reduced absorption of calcium ions from gastrointestinal tract
(d) Reduced RBC production

Which of the following options is the most
appropiate?
(1) (a) and (b) are correct
(2) (b) and (c) are correct
(3) (c) and (d) are correct
(4) (a) and (d) are correct

Ans. (3)
126. What is the direction of movement of sugars in phloem?
(1) Non-multidirectional
(2) Upward
(3) Downward
(4) Bi-directional

Ans. (4)
127. Which of the following muscular disorders is inherited?
(1) Tetany
(2) Muscular dystrophy
(3) Myasthenia gravis
(4) Botulism

Ans. (2)
128. Consider following features:
(a) Organ system level of organisation
(b) Bilateral symmetry
(c) True coelomates with segmentation of body

Select the correct option of animal groups which possess all the above characteristics.
(1) Annelida, Arthropoda and Chordata
(2) Annelida, Arthropoda and Mollusca
(3) Arthropoda, Mollusca and Chordata
(4) Annelida, Mollusca and Chordata

Ans. (1)
129. The frequency of recombination between gene pairs on the same chromosome as a measure of the distance between genes was explained by :
(1) T.H. Morgan
(2) Gregor J. Mendel
(3) Alfred Sturtevant
(4) Sutton Boveri

Ans. (3)
130. Following statements describe the characteristics of the enzyme Restriction endonuclease. Identify the incorrect statement.
(1) The enzyme cuts DNA molecule at identified position within the DNA
(2) The enzyme binds DNA at specific sites and cuts only one of the two strands.
(3) The enzyme cuts the sugar-phosphate backbone at specific sites on each strand.
(4) The enzyme recognizes a specific palindromic nucleotide sequence in the DNA
Ans. (2)
131. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
(1) Morels and truffles are edible delicacies.
(2) Claviceps is a source of many alkaloids and LSD.
(3) Conidia are produced exogenously and ascospores endogenously.
(4) Yeasts have filamentous bodies with long threadlike hyphae.

## Ans. (4)

132. Placentation, in which ovules develop on the inner wall of the ovary or in peripheral part, is :
(1) Basal
(2) Axile
(3) Parietal
(4) Free central

Ans. (3)
133. Which of the following is the most important causes for animals and plants being driven to extinction?
(1) Habitat loss and fragmentation
(2) Drought and floods
(3) Economic exploitation
(4) Alien species invasion

Ans. (1)
134. Variations caused by mutation, as proposed by Hugo de Vries, are
(1) random and directional
(2) random and directionless
(3) small and directional
(4) small and directionless

Ans. (2)
135. Respiratiory Quotient $(\mathrm{RQ})$ value of tripalmitin is :
(1) 0.9
(2) 0.7
(3) 0.07
(4) 0.09

Ans. (2)
136. In Antirrhinum (Snapdragon), a red flower was crossed with a white flower and in $F_{1}$ generation, pink flowers were obtained. When pink flowers were selfed, the $\mathrm{F}_{2}$ generation showed white, red and pink flowers. Choose the incorrect statement from the following :
(1) This experiment does not follow the Principle of Dominance
(2) Pink colour in $F_{1}$ is due to incomplete dominance.
(3) Ratio of $\mathrm{F}_{2}$ is $\frac{1}{4}$ (Red) : $\frac{2}{4}$ (Pink): $\frac{1}{4}$ (White)
(4) Law of Segregation does not apply in this experiment.
Ans. (4)
137. Select the incorrect statement.
(1) Male fruit fly is heterogametic.
(2) In male grasshoppers, $50 \%$ of sperms have no sex-chromosome.
(3) In domesticated fowls sex of progeny depends on the type of sperm rather than egg.
(4) Human males have one of their sex-chromosome much shorter than the other.
Ans. (3)
138. The correct sequence of phases of cell cycle is:
(1) $\mathrm{M} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}_{1} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{~S}$
(2) $\mathrm{G}_{1} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{~S} \rightarrow \mathrm{M}$
(3) $\mathrm{S} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}_{1} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{M}$
(4) $\mathrm{G}_{1} \rightarrow \mathrm{~S} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{M}$

Ans. (4)
139. Thiobacillus is a group of bacteria helpful in carrying out :
(1) Nitrogen fixation
(2) Chemoautotrophic fixation
(3) Nitrification
(4) Denitrification

Ans. (4)
140. Polyblend, a fine powder of recycled modified plastic, has proved to be a good material for:
(1) making plastic sacks
(2) use as a fertilizer
(3) construction of roads
(4) making tubes and pipes

## Ans. (3)

141. From evolutionary point of view, retention of the female gametophyte with developing young embryo on the parent sporophyte for some time, is first observed in :
(1) Liverworts
(2) Mosses
(3) Pteridophytes
(4) Gymnosperms

Ans. (3)
142. Select the correct option .
(1) $8^{\text {th }}, 9^{\text {th }}$ and $10^{\text {th }}$ pairs of ribs articulate directly with the sternum.
(2) $11^{\text {th }}$ and $12^{\text {th }}$ pairs of ribs are connected to the sternum with the help of hyaline cartilage.
(3) Each rib is a flat thin bone and all the ribs are connected dorsally to the thoracic vertebrae and ventrally to the sternum.
(4) There are seven pairs of vertebrosternal, three pairs of vertebrochondral and two pairs of vertebral ribs.
Ans. (4)
143. Concanavalin A is :
(1) an alkaloid
(2) an essential oil
(3) a lectin
(4) a pigment

Ans. (3)
144. Extrusion of second polar body from egg nucleus occurs :
(1) after entry of sperm but before fertilization
(2) after fertilization
(3) before entry of sperm into ovum
(4) simultaneously with first cleavage

Ans. (1)
145. Pinus seed cannot germinate and establish without fungal association. This is because
(1) its embryo is immature
(2) it has obligate association with mycorrhizae.
(3) it has very hard seed coat.
(4) its seeds contain inhibitors that prevent germination.
Ans. (2)
146. The Earth Summit held in Rio de Janeiro in 1992 was called :
(1) to reduce $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ emissions and global warming.
(2) for conservation of biodiversity and sustainable utilization of its benefits.
(3) to assess threat posed to native species by invasive weed species.
(4) for immediate steps to discontinue use of CFCs that were damaging the ozone layer.
Ans. (2)
147. DNA precipitation out of a mixture of biomolecules can be achieved by treatment with :
(1) Isopropanol
(2) Chilled ethanol
(3) Methanol at room temperature
(4) Chilled chloroform

## Ans. (2)

148. Grass leaves curl inwards during very dry weather. Select the most appropriate reason from the following :
(1) Closure of stomata
(2) Flaccidity of bulliform cells
(3) Shrinkage of air spaces in spongy mesophyll
(4) Tyloses in vessels

Ans. (2)
149. Match the following structures with their respective location in organs :
(a) Crypts of Lieberkuhn
(i) Pancreas
(b) Glisson's Capsule
(ii) Duodenum
(c) Islets of Langerhans
(iii) Small intestine
(d) Brunner's Glands
(iv) Liver

Select the correct option from the following :

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(1)$ | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) |
| $(2)$ | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |
| $(3)$ | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| $(4)$ | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |

Ans. (3)
150. Match the following hormones with the respective disease :
(a) Insulin
(i) Addison's disease
(b) Thyroxin
(ii) Diabetes insipidus
(c) Corticoids
(iii) Arcomegaly
(d) Growth Hormone
(iv) Goitre
(v) Diabetes mellitus

Select the correct option.

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(1)$ | (v) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| $(2)$ | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
| $(3)$ | (v) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |
| $(4)$ | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |

Ans. (3)
157. Consider the following statements:
(A) Coenzyme or metal ion that is tightly bound to enzyme protein is called prosthetic group.
(B) A complete catalytic active enzyme with its bound prosthetic group is called apoenzyme.
Select the correct option.
(1) Both ( $\mathbf{A}$ ) and (B) are true.
(2) $\mathbf{( A )}$ is true and $(\mathbf{B})$ is false.
(3) Both ( $\mathbf{A}$ ) and ( $\mathbf{B}$ ) are false.
(4) $\mathbf{( A )}$ is false and $(\mathbf{B})$ is true.

Ans. (3)
158. Due to increasing air-borne allergens and pollutants, many people in urban areas are suffering from respiratory disorder causing wheezing due to :
(1) benign growth on mucous lining of nasal cavity.
(2) inflammation of bronchi and bronchioles.
(3) proliferation of fibrous tissues and damage of the alveolar walls.
(4) reduction in the secretion of surfactants by pneumocytes.
Ans. (2)
159. Which one of the following statements regarding post-fertilization development in flowering plants is incorrect?
(1) Ovary develops into fruit
(2) Zygote develops into embryo
(3) Central cell develops into endosperm
(4) Ovules develop into embryo sac

Ans. (4)
160. Phloem in gymnosperms lacks:
(1) Albuminous cells and sieve cells
(2) Sieve tubes only
(3) Companion cells only
(4) Both sieve tubes and companion cells

Ans. (4)
161. It takes very long time for pineapple plants to produce flowers. Which combination of hormones can be applied to artificially induce flowering in pineapple plants throughout the year to increase yield?
(1) Auxin and Ethylene
(2) Gibberellin and Cytokinin
(3) Gibberellin and Abscisic acid
(4) Cytokinin and Abscisic acid
162. Persistent nucellus in the seed is known as:
(1) Chalaza
(2) Perisperm
(3) Hilum
(4) Tegmen

Ans. (2)
163. Cells in $G_{0}$ phase:
(1) exit the cell cycle
(2) enter the cell cycle
(3) suspend the cell cycle
(4) terminate the cell cycle

Ans. (1)

## 164. Match Column - I with Column - II.

Column - I
(a) Saprophyte
(b) Parasite
(c) Lichens
(d) Mycorrhiza

## Column - II

(i) Symbiotic association of fungi with plant roots
(ii) Decomposition of dead organic materials
(iii) Living on living plants or animals
(iv) Symbiotic association of algae and fungi

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (3) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |

Ans. (4)
165. Which would be the heart rate of a person if the cardiac output is 5 L , blood volume in the ventricles at the end of diastole is 100 mL and at the end of ventricular systole is 50 mL ?
(1) 50 beats per minute
(2) 75 beats per minute
(3) 100 beats per minute
(4) 125 beats per minute

Ans. (3)
166. What triggers activation of protoxin to active Bt toxin of Bacillus thuringiensis in boll worm?
(1) Body temperature
(2) Moist surface of midgut
(3) Alkaline pH of gut
(4) Acidic pH of stomach

Ans. (3)

Ans. (1)
167. The ciliated epithelial cells are required to move particles or mucus in a specific direction. In humans, these cells are mainly present in :
(1) Bile duct and Bronchioles
(2) Fallopian tubes and Pancreatic duct
(3) Eustachian tube and Salivary duct
(4) Bronchioles and Fallopian tubes

Ans. (4)
168. Which of the statements given below is not true about formation of Annual Rings in trees?
(1) Annual ring is a combination of spring wood and autumn wood produced in a year.
(2) Differential activity of cambium causes light and dark bands of tissue - early and late wood respectively
(3) Activity of cambium depends upon variation in climate.
(4) Annual rings are not prominent in trees of temperate region.
Ans. (4)
169. What is the fate of the male gametes discharged in the synergid?
(1) One fuses with the egg, other(s) degenerate(s) in the synergid.
(2) All fuse with the egg.
(3) One fuses with the egg, other(s) fuse(s) with synergid nucleus.
(4) One fuses with the egg and other fuses with central cell nuclei.
Ans. (4)
170. Match the following genes of the Lac operon with their respective products.
(a) i gene
(i) $\beta$-galactosidase
(b) $z$ gene
(ii) Permease
(c) a gene
(iii) Repressor
(d) y gene
(iv) Transacetylase

Select the correct option.

|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (1) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |

Ans. (3)
176. Which of the following is a commercial blood cholesterol lowering agent?
(1) Cyclosporin A
(2) statin
(3) Streptokinase
(4) Lipases

Ans. (2)
177. Which of the following statements regarding mitochondria is incorrect?
(1) Outer membrane is permeable to monomers of carbohydrates fats and proteins.
(2) Enzymes of electron transport are embedded in outer membrane.
(3) Inner membrane is convoluted with infoldings.
(4) Mitochondrial matrix contains single circular DNA molecule and ribosomes.
Ans. (2)
178. Match the Column - I with Column -II

|  | Col |  | Column - II |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | P-w |  | (i) Depolarisation o ventricles |  |
| (b) | QRS complex |  | (ii) Repolarisation o ventricles |  |
| (c) | T-w |  | (iii) Coronary ischem |  |
| (d) | Red of T |  | (iv) Depolarisation atria <br> (v) Repolarisation of |  |
| Select the correct option- |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (2) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (v) |
| (3) | (ii) | (i) | (v) | (iii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (v) | (iv) |

Ans. (1)
179. Select the correct group of biocontrol agents.
(1) Bacillus thuringiensis,Tobacco mosaic virus, Aphids
(2) Trichoderma, Baculovirus, Bacillus thuringiensis
(3) Oscillatoria, Rhizobium, Trichoderma
(4) Nostoc, Azospirillium, Nucleopolyhedrovirus

Ans. (2)
180. Select correctly written scientific name of Mango which was first described by Carolus Linnaeus:
(1) Mangifera indica Car. Linn.
(2) Mangifera indica Linn.
(3) Mangifera indica
(4) Mangifera Indica

Ans. (2)

